PAGE: 1 PRINT DATE: 12/11/01

FAILURE MODES EFFECTS ANALYSIS (FMEA) -- CIL HARDWARE

NUMBER: 03-1-0746 -X

SUBSYSTEM NAME: MAIN PROPULSION

REVISION: 1 02/20/01

PART DATA

PART NAME PART NUMBER
VENDOR NAME VENDOR NUMBER

LRU: TRANSDUCER, PRESSURE ME449-0177-2577

SOLARTRON, STATHAM DIV. PA8106-1M-22128

EXTENDED DESCRIPTION OF PART UNDER ANALYSIS:

TRANSDUCER, GH2 PRESSURIZATION LINE PRESSURE, 0 TO 1000 PSIA.

REFERENCE DESIGNATORS: V41P1490A

QUANTITY OF LIKE ITEMS: 1

FUNCTION:

PROVIDES INDICATION OF GH2 DISCONNECT PRESSURE. LOCATED ON LINE CONNECTING DELTA PRESSURE TRANSDUCER (MT50) TO ET PRESSURIZATION MANIFOLD.

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FAILURE MODES EFFECTS ANALYSIS FMEA -- CIL FAILURE MODE

NUMBER: 03-1-0746-03

REVISION#: 1 10/30/01

SUBSYSTEM NAME: MAIN PROPULSION

LRU: GH2 2" DISCONNECT PRESSURE TRANSDUCER
ITEM NAME: GH2 2" DISCONNECT PRESSURE TRANSDUCER
FAILURE MODE: 1R2

FAILURE MODE:

ERRONEOUS INDICATION

MISSION PHASE: LO LIFT-OFF

VEHICLE/PAYLOAD/KIT EFFECTIVITY: 102 COLUMBIA

103 DISCOVERY104 ATLANTIS105 ENDEAVOUR

CAUSE:

PIECE PART STRUCTURAL FAILURE, CONTAMINATION

CRITICALITY 1/1 DURING INTACT ABORT ONLY? NO

REDUNDANCY SCREEN A) PASS

B) FAIL C) PASS

PASS/FAIL RATIONALE:

A)

B)

FAILS B SCREEN BECAUSE SIGNAL FROM FAILED TRANSDUCER IS INDISTINGUISHABLE FROM THE SIGNAL OF A PROPERLY FUNCTIONING TRANSDUCER

C)

- FAILURE EFFECTS -

(A) SUBSYSTEM:

NO EFFECT. GH2 PRESSURIZATION DISCONNECT PRESSURE MEASUREMENT IS NOT REQUIRED FOR NOMINAL ASCENT. MEASUREMENT IS ONLY REQUIRED TO SUPPORT FLIGHT RULE IMPLEMENTATION IN THE EVENT OF LOW LH2 ULLAGE PRESSURE.

(B) INTERFACING SUBSYSTEM(S):

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SAME AS A

(C) MISSION:

FIRST FAILURE - NO EFFECT

(D) CREW, VEHICLE, AND ELEMENT(S):

SAME AS C

(E) FUNCTIONAL CRITICALITY EFFECTS:

CASE 1: ERRONEOUS HIGH INDICATION

1R/2 2 SUCCESS PATHS. TIME FRAME- ASCENT

- 1. TRANSDUCER ERRONEOUSLY INDICATES HIGH
- 2. SUFFICIENT RESTRICTION IN THE ORBITER GH2 PRESSURIZATION SYSTEM (COMPLETE BLOCKAGE OF ONE PRESSURIZATION LEG OR MULTIPLE FLOW CONTROL VALVES FAILED LOW)

ET LH2 TANK ULLAGE PRESSURE WILL FALL OUT OF CONTROL BAND (NOMINAL 32-34 PSIA). FLIGHT RULES HAVE MCC USE THE GH2 PRESSURIZATION SYSTEM PRESSURE TO DETERMINE IF THE CAUSE FOR THE LOSS OF ULLAGE PRESSURE IS ORBITER RELATED. FOR THIS CASE, A TRANSDUCER INDICATION ERRONEOUSLY HIGH WOULD INDICATE THAT THE ORBITER IS NOT THE CAUSE OF THE LOW LH2 ULLAGE PRESSURE. MCC WOULD ASSUME THAT THE LOW ULLAGE PRESSURE IS DUE TO AN ULLAGE LEAK. A TAL ABORT WOULD BE INITIATED WHICH LEAVES THE SSME THROTTLES AT NOMINAL MISSION POWER LEVEL. WITHOUT THROTTLING DOWN, NPSP WOULD EVENTUALLY FALL TOO LOW TO SUSTAIN SSME OPERATION. SINCE SSME SHUTDOWN LIMITS ARE MANUALLY ENABLED FOR A TAL ABORT FOR AN LH2 ULLAGE LEAK, ALL THREE SSMES WOULD BE EXPECTED TO SHUTDOWN OVER A VERY SHORT TIME PERIOD ONCE NPSP FALLS BELOW 3.5 PSI. IF THIS OCCURS PRIOR TO REACHING THE REQUIRED TAL MECO VELOCITY, POSSIBLE LOSS OF CREW AND VEHICLE COULD RESULT.

CASE II: ERRONEOUS LOW INDICATION
1R/2 2 SUCCESS PATHS. TIME FRAME - ASCENT.

- 1. TRANSDUCER ERRONEOUSLY INDICATES LOW
- 2. ULLAGE LEAK FROM THE ET LH2 TANK

ET LH2 TANK ULLAGE PRESSURE WILL FALL OUT OF CONTROL BAND (NOMINAL 32-34 PSIA). FLIGHT RULES HAVE MCC USE THE GH2 PRESSURIZATION SYSTEM PRESSURE TO DETERMINE IF THE CAUSE FOR THE LOSS OF ULLAGE PRESSURE IS ORBITER RELATED. FOR THIS CASE, A TRANSDUCER INDICATION ERRONEOUSLY LOW WOULD INDICATE THAT AN ORBITER RESTRICTION IS THE CAUSE OF THE LOW LH2 ULLAGE PRESSURE. PRESSING UPHILL WITH MANUAL THROTTLING WOULD BE INVOKED PER THE CRITERIA SET FORTH IN FLIGHT RULES. HOWEVER, SINCE THE REAL CAUSE FOR THE LOW ULLAGE PRESSURE IS AN ULLAGE LEAK, THROTTLING DOWN TO INCREASE NPSP MAY NOT BE EFFECTIVE. SINCE SSME SHUTDOWN LIMITS ARE MANUALLY ENABLED FOR ALL GH2 PRESSURIZATION SYSTEM ANOMALIES EXCEPT FOR A SINGLE FLOW CONTROL VALVE FAILED IN LOW FLOW, ALL THREE SSMES WOULD BE EXPECTED TO SHUTDOWN OVER A VERY SHORT TIME PERIOD ONCE NPSP FALLS BELOW 3.5 PSI. IF THIS OCCURS PRIOR TO REACHING AN ACCEPTABLE MECO VELOCITY, POSSIBLE LOSS OF CREW AND VEHICLE COULD RESULT.

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-DISPOSITION RATIONALE-

(A) DESIGN:

THE TRANSDUCER IS BASED UPON A WHEATSTONE BRIDGE CONSISTING OF FOUR DEPOSITED THIN FILM STRAIN GAGES. THE FOUR THIN FILM STRAIN GAGES HAVE BEEN DEPOSITED ON A BENDING BEAM USING MICROCIRCUIT MANUFACTURING TECHNIQUES (VAPOR OR SPUTTER DEPOSITION). THE BENDING BEAM IS CONNECTED TO THE SENSING DIAPHRAGM BY A LINK PIN. THE DIAPHRAGM DEFLECTION DUE TO PRESSURE CHANGES IS TRANSMITTED TO THE BEAM THROUGH THE LINK PIN CAUSING BEAM DEFLECTION. THE STRAIN GAGES RESPOND TO THIS DEFLECTION, GENERATING A DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE OF APPROXIMATELY 30 MILLIVOLTS AT A FULL SCALE PRESSURE OF 1000 PSI.

GOLD LEAD WIRES CONNECT THE STRAIN GAGES TO ELECTRICALLY ISOLATED PINS ON A STATIONARY YOKE (STAINLESS STEEL). NICKEL LEADS CONNECT THE PINS ON THE STATIONARY YOKE TO ELECTRICALLY ISOLATED FEEDTHROUGH PINS IN THE VACUUM CASE. THE ELECTRICAL SIGNAL FROM THE WHEATSTONE BRIDGE (STRAIN GAGES) IS THEN CARRIED VIA WIRE FROM THE VACUUM CASE FEEDTHROUGH PINS TO THE COMPENSATION RESISTOR NETWORK AND FINALLY TO THE OUTPUT CONNECTOR WELDED TO THE BODY OF THE PRESSURE TRANSDUCER. THE COMPENSATION RESISTOR NETWORK CORRECTS THE TRANSDUCER OUTPUT FOR ERROR SOURCES SUCH AS MODULUS CHANGES OF THE BENDING BEAM DUE TO TEMPERATURE. THE COMPENSATION RESISTORS ARE WITHIN THE OUTER CASE OF THE TRANSDUCER, BUT EXTERNAL TO THE VACUUM CASE.

MATERIALS AND PROCESSES USED ARE COMPATIBLE WITH THE ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS. THE TRANSDUCER IS CAPABLE OF WITHSTANDING 1.5 TIMES MAXIMUM OPERATING PRESSURE WITHOUT A SHIFT IN ITS CALIBRATION.

ERRONEOUS OUTPUT (HIGH OR LOW) IS DEFINED AS THE TRANSDUCER FALSELY INDICATING A PRESSURE HIGHER OR LOWER THAN THE ACTUAL PRESSURE. ERRONEOUS OUTPUT CAN BE CAUSED BY AN ELECTRICAL FAULT: SHORT/OPEN/FAULT IN THE WHEATSTONE BRIDGE CIRCUITRY/COMPENSATION RESISTOR NETWORK, OUTPUT CONNECTOR, EXCITATION SUPPLIED TO THE TRANSDUCER, WIRING EXTERNAL TO THE TRANSDUCER; OR BY A MECHANICAL FAULT: DIAPHRAGM RUPTURE OR EXTERNAL LEAKAGE INTO THE VACUUM CASE. "STICTION" TYPE FAILURE OF THIS TRANSDUCER IS CONSIDERED NON CREDIBLE DUE TO THE SMALL TRAVEL OF THE DIAPHRAGM (0.001 INCH).

(B) TEST:

ATP

EXAMINATION OF PRODUCT

PERFORMANCE TESTS

INSULATION RESISTANCE

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PROOF PRESSURE
PRIMARY AND SECONDARY BARRIER
1.5 TIMES MAXIMUM OPERATING PRESSURE

CALIBRATION

0, 20, 40, 60, 80, 100, 80, 60, 40, 20 AND 0 PERCENT OF FULL SCALE PRESSURE (1000 PSIA) AT 77 DEG F, +350 DEG F, -250 DEG F, AND +77 DEG F. RECORD ERROR DUE TO TEMPERATURE EFFECTS, LINEARITY, RESIDUAL IMBALANCE, REPEATABILITY, AND SENSITIVITY.

CERTIFICATION

BY SIMILARITY

THE TRANSDUCER WAS CERTIFIED BY SIMILARITY, DESIGN ANALYSIS, AND TESTING, AND IS SIMILAR IN DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION TO TRANSDUCERS CERTIFIED BY BELL AEROSYSTEMS, MCDONNELL DOUGLAS, GENERAL ELECTRIC, AND MARTIN MARIETTA. THE PREVIOUS TEST LIMITS EXCEEDED ORBITER SPECIFICATION REQUIREMENTS.

BY TEST

OFF-LIMITS VIBRATION TESTING WAS SUCCESSFULLY PERFORMED WITH NASA DESIGN AND RELIABILITY CONCURRENCE ON AN ME449-0179-0173 TRANSDUCER AFTER REDESIGN FOR THE HIGHER VIBRATION ENVIRONMENT EXPERIENCED BY SOME MPS PRESSURE TRANSDUCERS.

BURST TEST

PRIMARY AND SECONDARY BARRIER
MINIMUM OF 3 TIMES MAXIMUM OPERATING PRESSURE

OMRSD

ANY TURNAROUND CHECKOUT IS ACCOMPLISHED IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMRSD.

(C) INSPECTION:

RECEIVING INSPECTION

ALL RAW MATERIALS ARE VERIFIED BY INSPECTION FOR MATERIALS AND PROCESS CERTIFICATION.

CONTAMINATION CONTROL

CLEANLINESS LEVEL IS VERIFIED TO 100A. CORROSION PROTECTION IS VERIFIED BY INSPECTION.

ASSEMBLY/INSTALLATION

PARTS ARE INSPECTED VISUALLY, DIMENSIONALLY, AND INCREMENTALLY PER REQUIREMENTS. TOOL CALIBRATION IS VERIFIED BY INSPECTION. MANDATORY INSPECTION POINTS ARE INCLUDED IN THE ASSEMBLY PROCESS.

CRITICAL PROCESSES

THE FOLLOWING ARE VERIFIED BY INSPECTION:

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WELDING

TESTING

ATP. INCLUDING PROOF PRESSURE TEST, IS OBSERVED AND VERIFIED BY INSPECTION.

HANDLING/PACKAGING SPECIAL

HANDLING PER DOCUMENTED INSTRUCTIONS IS VERIFIED BY INSPECTION TO PRECLUDE DAMAGE, SHOCK, AND CONTAMINATION DURING COMPONENT HANDLING, TRANSPORTING, AND PACKAGING.

(D) FAILURE HISTORY:

CURRENT DATA ON TEST FAILURES, FLIGHT FAILURES, UNEXPLAINED ANOMALIES, AND OTHER FAILURES EXPERIENCED DURING GROUND PROCESSING ACTIVITY CAN BE FOUND IN THE PRACA DATA BASE.

(E) OPERATIONAL USE:

FLIGHT RULES DOCUMENT PROPER ACTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN THE EVENT THAT AN LH2 ULLAGE LOSS OCCURS AND THE GH2 PRESSURIZATION SYSTEM PRESSURE MEASUREMENT IS FUNCTIONING CORRECTLY.

- APPROVALS -

:/S/ L. DANG S&R ENGINEERING : L. DANG S&R ENGINEERING ITM : P. A. STENGER-NGUYEN :/S/ P. A. STENGER-NGUYEN DESIGN ENGINEERING : HERB WOLFSON :/S/ HERB WOLFSON MPS SUBSYSTEM MGR. :/S/ TIM REITH : TIM REITH INSTRUMENTATION : BILL MCKEE :/S/ BILL MCKEE : JEFF MUSLER :/S/ JEFF MUSLER MOD : JEFF MUSLER : MIKE SNYDER : SUZANNE LITTLE USA SAM :/S/ MIKE SNYDER USA ORBITER ELEMENT :/S/ SUZANNE LITTLE NASA SR&QA : ERICH BASS :/S/ ERICH BASS